

SAFETY DATA SHEET Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

UFI: FVSJ-8CAY-G00V-T5H5

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Sprayable contact adhesive

Uses advised against Applications involving the use of naked flames and static discharges Non-industrial, non-

professional uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bijlard International

Platinastraat 141 2718 SR Zoetermeer The Netherlands +31 79 343 7538 +31 79 343 7539 info@bijlard.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +31 (0) 79-3437538

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Hazard statements EUH208 Contains ROSIN. May produce an allergic reaction.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane, BUTANONE, acetone

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P404 Store in a closed container.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Content

3.2. Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

40-50%

CAS number: — EC number: 926-605-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119486291-36

This is a complex mixture of constituents, a UVCB substance of variable composition. Contains cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) 70-80% and n-hexane <5%

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 STOT SE 3 - H336

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

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BUTANONE 20-30%

CAS number: 78-93-3 EC number: 201-159-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457290-43-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

ACETONE 10-20%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471330-49-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Magnesium Oxide <1.0%

Classification
Not Classified

ROSIN <1.0%

CAS number: 8050-09-7 EC number: 232-475-7 REACH registration number: 01-

2119480418-32-XXXX

Classification

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Talc <0.1%

CAS number: 14807-96-6 EC number: 238-877-9

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT SE 3 - H335

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition commentsThe data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated soaked

clothing immediately and dispose of safely

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse

mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Skin contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2). Alcohol-resistant foam. Powder. Water spray, fog or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards The product is highly flammable.

Hazardous combustion

products

When heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat

with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the

Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. Do not discharge into drains or

watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Flush contaminated area

with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Collect and

dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid spilling. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of

sparks must be prevented. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or

ingredients.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight. Store

in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in tightly-

closed, original container.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage descriptionThis product is a sprayable product and if applied in in such away, appropriate PPE and

engineering measures should be taken to protect operators from the

vapours, mists, aerosols, droplets, fume, gas, spray Contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of

vapours must be avioded under all circumstances.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

BUTANONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm(Sk) 600 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm(Sk) 899 mg/m3(Sk)

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Magnesium Oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

ROSIN

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0,05 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 0,15 mg/m³ Sen

Talc

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³ respirable dust

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³

CYCLOHEXANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 350 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 1050 mg/m³

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HEXANE-norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 72 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma.

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 600 mg/kg/day

Industry - Dermal; : 1161 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; : 412 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; : 106 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 31 mg/kg

PNEC - Fresh water; 55.8 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 284.74 mg/kg

Soil; 22.5 mg/kg
 marine water; 55.8 mg/l
 Intermittent release; 55.8 mg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); 284.7 mg/kg

STP; 709 mg/l

- Food. Secondary poisoning; 1000 mg/kg

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Short term: 2420 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term: 1210 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term: 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term: 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term: 200 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

marine water; 1.06 mg/l
Intermittent release; 21 mg/l
Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg
Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

STP; 100 mg/lSoil; 29.5 mg/kg

Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene (CAS: 68610-51-5)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.35 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 4 mg/kg/day Workers - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.8 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.01 mg/l

- marine water; 0.002 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 426.6 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 85.25 mg/kg

- STP; 100 mg/l

-;

CYCLOHEXANE (CAS: 110-82-7)

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 59.4 mg/kg/day

> Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1186 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2016 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 412 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 412 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 700 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 700 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 700 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/m³

PNEC Industry - Fresh water; 0.207 mg/l

Industry - Sediment (Freshwater); 3.627 mg/l

Industry - STP; 3.24 mg/l Industry - Soil; 2.99 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Eye/face protection

The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact.

Hygiene measures

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination filter, type A2/P3.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid. Colour Red.

Odour Characteristic.

Odour threshold Not available. Not available. рH Not available. Not determined.

Melting point Not available.

80°C @ 760 mm Hg Initial boiling point and range

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Flash point -20°C

Evaporation factor Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

Other flammability No information available.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Bulk density Not available.

Solubility(ies) Not available. Insoluble in water. Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity >20 m²/s @ 40°C

Explosive propertiesNo information available.

Comments Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. Information declared as "Not

available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the

proper control measures.

Density

Relative vapour density

Water solubility

Viscosity, dynamic

9.2. Other information

Refractive index

Particle size

Not available.

Molecular weight

Not applicable.

Volatility

Not available.

Critical temperature

Not available.

Solvent content:

Volatile organic compound Not available.

Solids content:

Water:

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

ReactivityThere are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

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Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known. Avoid heat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

When heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health may be formed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects Information given for the mixture in sect 3 is based upon the results of the calculation

method. Some of the information given is also taken from data given for the individual

ingredients of the mixture.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Not determined.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Not determined.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Not determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

Inhalation Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapours may cause headache,

fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Prolonged contact may cause redness and/or

tearing.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Prolonged and repeated contact

with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

Route of exposure Ingestion. Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Brain Respiratory system, lungs Mucous membranes Skin

Medical symptoms Skin irritation. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Gas or vapour in high concentrations

may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies. Convulsions. Central nervous system depression. Aspiration

hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical

pneumonitis.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Oral,

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) No information available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No information available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation May cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Irritating effect on the eyes

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

BUTANONE

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2193 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

34.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

34.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ACETONE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,800.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >15800 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

76.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

76.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

fertility

Reproductive toxicity -

development

This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. NOAEL

900 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC 22500 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

CYCLOHEXANE

Acute toxicity - oral

LC50 >5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Notes (oral LD₅₀)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

32.88

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC50 32.88 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

32,880.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity

12.1. Toxicity

ToxicityThe product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Information given for the mixture in sect 3 is based upon the results of the calculation method. Some of the information given is also

taken from data given for the individual ingredients of the mixture.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish Not determined.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

Not determined.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Not determined.

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

Not determined.

Acute toxicity - terrestrial

Not determined.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life Not determined.

stage

Short term toxicity - embryo

and sac fry stages

Not determined.

Bijlard Spuitlijm (ROOD)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

Not determined.

Chronic toxicity in fish

Ecological information on ingredients.

CYCLOHEXANE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 48 hours: 4.53 mg/l,

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₈₀, 48 hours: 0.9 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC₅o, 72 hours: >4 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic aquatic toxicity

NOEC 0.001 < NOEC ≤ 0.01

Degradability Rapidly degradable

M factor (Chronic) 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Phototransformation Not relevant.

Stability (hydrolysis) Not determined.

Biodegradation Not determined.

Biological oxygen demand Not determined.

Chemical oxygen demand Not determined.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Not determined.

Henry's law constant Not determined.

Surface tension Not determined.

Juliaco torision

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

Enviromental distribution

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is suitable for incineration. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided

wherever possible. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous

waste according to local and national provisions.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled

with their contents.

Product

Uncleaned packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1133

UN No. (IMDG) 1133

UN No. (ICAO) 1133

UN No. (ADN) 1133

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

ADHESIVES

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) ADHESIVES (CONTAINS Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes,cyclics,<5% n-hexane,

CYCLOHEXANE)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ADHESIVES

Proper shipping name (ADN) ADHESIVES

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group

Ш

IMDG packing group II
ICAO packing group II
ADN packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •3YE

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

33

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

Segregation Code

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

Transport/Additional

information

Marine Pollutant Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations

2009 as amended(SI 2009/1348)

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. (SI 2002 No 2677) as

amended

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Guidance EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

L131 Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth Edition)

Authorisations (Annex XIV Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 27/11/2023

Revision 10

Supersedes date 27/11/2025

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains ROSIN. May produce an allergic reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.